

Master of Laws (Business Law Group)

Name of Program	LL.M (Business Law)
Duration	2 Years Total Semester - 4
Eligibility Criteria	LL.B
Objective of program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The objective of Program is to equip the students with a widespread knowledge of the national laws of India on commercial and mercantile transactions and their working under the Global Regulatory Instruments. • A critical understanding of the main legal, economic and financial matters pertaining to the life-cycle of a corporation from a national and international perspective. • A strong understanding of essential concepts of the factors in which corporate law and regulations operate. • To generate experts who specialize in the field of business laws in response to the needs of academic and professional expertise in both private and public sectors.
Program Outcome	<p>PO1. Legal Knowledge: To acquire & apply legal knowledge to the complex Socio-legal problems.</p> <p>PO2. Professional Practice: to make students eligible to practice in Courts, Industries, Companies as legal practitioner.</p> <p>PO3. Professional Skills: To possess professional skills required for legal practice such as Argument, Pleading, drafting, conveyancing etc.</p> <p>PO4. Professional Ethics: To understand and apply principles of professional ethics of legal profession.</p> <p>PO5. Legal research & legal reasoning: to develop legal research skills & legal reasoning and apply it during programme & in Legal practice.</p> <p>PO6. Self-reflection & lifelong learning : To develop an attitude of self-reflection while learning & Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of changing legal contexts.</p> <p>PO7. Self-employability: To provide a platform of self-employability by developing professional skills in legal industry.</p> <p>PO8. Leadership skills: To develop leadership qualities amongst students.</p> <p>PO9. Lifelong Learning: To make awareness about Constitutional legislative & societal transformation in society & to develop clinical abilities.</p> <p>PO10. Advocacy skills: Every graduate will become skilled in legal research, written and oral communication, teamwork, advocacy, and problem-solving.</p>
Program Specific	PSO 1. Should be able to Gather and interpret relevant facts and

outcome	<p>conduct legal research.</p> <p>PSO 2. Should be able to Demonstrate understanding of substantive and procedural law with basic principles of Business Law which is sufficient to enter into the legal profession and other professions in which legal knowledge is an advantage.</p> <p>PSO 3. To understand specific issues relating to Economic Legislation, Banking and Insurance Sector, Industrial and Intellectual Property Transitional Trade Agreement.</p> <p>PSO 4. To apply business law in contemporary business practices.</p> <p>PSO 5. To analyze the emerging Legal issues concerning Commerce, Insurance, Banking and Industrial Sector.</p> <p>PSO 6. To evaluate the existing economic practices and its implication on the economy.</p> <p>PSO 7. To create Legal Experts in the field of Banking, Insurance and Trading Houses who can contribute in the formation of new policies which shall help in administration of Justice.</p>																																																																																															
Mapping between PO's and PSO's	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>PO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO6</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO8</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO9</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>PO10</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>									PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PO1								PO2								PO3								PO4								PO5								PO6								PO7								PO8								PO9								PO10							
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PO10																																																																																																
Medium of Instruction	English & Gujarati																																																																																															

Semester 1								
Course Code	Title	Teaching per week		Course Credit	University Examination		Internal Marks	Total Marks
		Theo ry	Pract ical		Durati on	Marks		
1805090101010001	Constitutional Law-1	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1805090101020001	The Concept of Law	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1805090101030002	Law of Export – Import – I	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100

1805090101040002	Law of Industrial & Intellectual Property Rights – I (Copyright & Design)	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1805090101050002	Corporate Finance - I	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1805090101060002	Legal Regulations on Economic Enterprises – I	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100

Master of Laws (Business Law Group)

Course: 180590101010001: Constitutional Law-1

Course Code	1805090101010001							
Course Title	Constitutional Law-1							
Credit	4							
Teaching per week	4							
Minimum weeks per semester	15							
Effective from	2011-2012							
Purpose of course	To familiarize students with the framing of the Constitution, working and functioning of drafting committee							
Course objective	To understand the core principles embodied in the Constitution of India							
Course Outcome	<p>CO1 To enable the students to understand the importance of constitution</p> <p>CO2 To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary</p> <p>CO3 To understand the philosophy of fundamental rights and duties</p> <p>CO4 Know about the enforcement remedies available under the Constitution of India and about access to justice through Public Interest Litigation</p> <p>CO5 To able to eluate preamble, fundamental rights and duties, panchayat, National commission for Schedule caste, Schedule tribe, Election commission.</p> <p>CO6 Understand the meaning, nature and concept of federalism, its essential features and be able to familiarize with the Indian federal structure and its status quo in the contemporary era.</p>							
Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							

	<p>4.5 Minority rights : Scope and meaning of minority – minority rights to educational institutions</p> <p>5. Fundamental rights and Directive principles</p> <p>5.1 Fundamental rights and directive principles - judicial balancing</p> <p>5.2 Directive Principles : Directions of social change</p> <p>5.3 Judicial policy towards Directive Principles</p> <p>5.4 What is State? Meaning, Scope and expansion - need to widen definition in wake of liberalization.</p> <p>5.5 What is law? Meaning, Scope and expansion.</p> <p>5.6 Reading Directive Principles into Fundamental rights</p> <p>5.7 Emerging of new rights and compensation jurisprudence.</p> <p>6. Fundamental Duties</p> <p>6.1 The need and status in constitutional setup</p> <p>6.2 The relationships of the fundamental duties with fundamental rights and directive principles.</p>												
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Granville Austine: <u>History of Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience</u> (2000) Oxford: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (1999) Oxford <u>Corner Stone of a nation</u> (1972). – D.D. Basu, <u>Constitutional Law of India</u>; Prentice Hall of India. – Rajeev Bhargava, <u>Secularism and Its Critics</u> (2009) Oxford. – Constituent Assembly Debates Vol.1 to 12 – Reajeev Bhargava, <u>Politics and Ethics of Indian Constitution</u>, Oxford. – H.M. Seervai : <u>Constitution of India</u> : Vol. 1 to 3, Tripathi – M.P. Singh (ed) <u>V.N. Shukla's : Constitutional Law of India</u> (2008) Oxford – T.K. Tope's : <u>Constitutional Law of India</u> – Marc Gallenter: <u>Competing Equalities - Law and Backward Classes in India</u> (1984) Oxford. – B. Sivaramayya, <u>Inequalities and the Law</u> (1984). Eastern. – M.P. Jain, <u>Indian Constitutional Law</u>, Vol. I & II (2010) Lexis Nexis 												
Teaching Methodology	Lecture Method, Classroom teaching, Discussion, Self-Study and Assignment												
Evaluation Method	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Internal Assessment</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td> <td>15 Marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Attendance</td> <td>05 Marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td> <td>10 Marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>External University exams</td> <td>70 marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100 marks</td> </tr> </table>	Internal Assessment		Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks	External University exams	70 marks	Total	100 marks
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Course - 1805090101020001- The Concept of Law

Course Code	180590101020001																																						
Course Title	The Concept of Law																																						
Credit	4																																						
Teaching per week	4																																						
Minimum weeks per semester	15																																						
Effective from	2011-2012																																						
Purpose of course	The course aims at understanding the various jurisprudential theories and concepts, basics of law and also to hone their soft skills in order to enhance their capacities to build a strong foundation for the study of Master of Law course.																																						
Course objective	The object of this course is to study the theory of law and its fundamental principles and concepts. It provides clear understanding about the nature of law and basic functions of law, the relationship between law and Justice, and law and morals etc.																																						
Course Outcome	CO1: A basic grounding in the central themes of the legal philosophies which involves examining the major schools of legal theory. CO2: The course offers students an opportunity to introspect carefully about the values that ought to underpin a country’s legal system CO3: Competency gained introducing students to core legal debates that have preoccupied legal philosophers from the early days of civilization to modern times.																																						
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Course Content	1. Natural Law 1.1 What is Natural Law? Natural Law and search of absolute values 1.2 Greek origins and Jus Gentium 1.3 Medieval period 1.4 Renaissance, Reformation and counter reformation 1.5 Grotius and International Law 1.6 Natural Law & Social Contract 1.7 Kant and Human Freedom 1.8 The Meaning and Development of Natural Law in Eighteenth and Nineteenth Century																																						

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.9 Fuller and Morality of law 1.10 Hart on Natural Law 1.11 Finnis and Restatement of Natural Law 1.12 Indian concept and perception of Natural law
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Classical Legal Positivism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.1 What is legal positivism 2.2 Jeremy Bentham and Utilitarians <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.2.1 Bentham's "of Laws in General" 2.3 John Austin 2.4 Bentham and Austin compared 2.5 Classical Legal Positivism and Indian Legal System
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Modern Legal Positivism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.1 HLA and the Concept of Law 3.2 Hans Kelsen and the Pure Theory of Law 3.3 Modern Trends in Analytical and Normative Legal Theory 3.4 John Rawls and Distributive Justice 3.5 Robert Nozick and the Minimal State 3.6 Josepn Raz and the 'Source' thesis
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Law and Social Theory <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4.1 What is sociological jurisprudence and sociology of law? 4.2 Rescoe Pound and Social Engineering 4.3 August Comte and Sociology 4.4 Herbert Spencer and Laissez Faire 4.5 Emile Durkheim and Law and Social Solidarity 4.6 Max Weber and theory of legitimate domination 4.7 Sociological Jurisprudence Since Rescoe Pound <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4.7.1 Laswell 4.7.2 McDougal 4.7.3 Talcott Parsons 4.7.4 Selznick 4.8 From Sociological Jurisprudence to Sociology of Law <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4.8.1 Unger and Development of Modern Law 4.8.2 Michael Foucault 4.8.3 Jurgen Habermas 4.8.4 Autopoiesis 4.9 Sociological Jurisprudence and Indian Perspective
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Legal Realism

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.1 American Realism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.1.1 Oliver Wendell Holmes 5.1.2 Karl Llewellyn 5.1.3 Jerome Frank 5.1.4 American Realist Method 5.2 The Scandinavian Realism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5.2.1 Alf Ross 5.2.2 Karl Olivecrona 5.3 Comparing American Realism and Scandinavian Realism 5.4 Modern Realism. 6. Historical and Anthropological Approaches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6.1 The Historical School <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6.1.1 Savigny 6.1.2 Sir Henry Maine 6.2 Anthropological Jurisprudence 6.3 Legal Pluralism 6.4 Historical Perception and Indian Perspective 7. Marxist Theories of Law & State <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7.1 Marx and Hegel's Philosophy 7.2 Marx and Justice, Morality and Human Rights 7.3 The "withering away of the State" 7.4 Other Marxist thinking 7.5 Marxist Theories of Law and State - a Critique. 8. Critical Legal Theory <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8.1 Critical Legal Studies 8.2 Postmodern Legal Theory 8.3 Feminist Jurisprudence 8.4 Critical Race Theory
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Raymond Works, <u>Understanding Jurisprudence</u> (2009) Oxford. - S.N. Dhyani, <u>Fundamentals of Jurisprudence The Indian Approach</u> (1992) Central Law Agency. - R.W.M. Dias, <u>Jurisprudence</u> (1994) Butterworth & Co. - Avtar Singh, <u>Introduction to Jurisprudence</u> (2001) Wadhwa. - Wayne Morrison, <u>Jurisprudence From the Greeks to Post-modernism</u> (1997) Lawman (India). - M.D.A Freeman, <u>Llyod's Introduction to Jurisprudence</u> (1994) Sweet and Maxwell. - W. Friedman, <u>Legal Theory (2002-Indian Reprint)</u> Universal. - G.W. Paton : <u>A Text book of Jurisprudence</u> (2007). Oxford. - Bodenheimer, <u>Jurisprudence - The Philosophy and Method of</u>

	<p>Law (1996) Universal.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fitzgerald (ed). Salmond on Jurisprudence (1999) Universal. - H.L.A. Hart : The Concept of Law (1970) Oxford. - Rescoe Pound, Introduction to Philosophy of Law (1998-Reprint) Universal. - V.D. Mahajan, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory (1996-Reprint) Eastern. - Upendra Baxi, Towards Sociology of Indian Law (1986) Satvahan. - , Marx, Law and Justice : Some Indian Perspectives (1992). - , The Crisis of Indian Legal System (1982) Vikas. - Yash Ghai et al, The Political Economy of Law, A Third World Reader (1987). - John Rawls, A Theory of Justice (2000) Universal. - Jeremy Bentham, Theory of Legislation (1985) - W. Friedman, Law in a Changing Society (1996) Universal. 												
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.												
Evaluation Method	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Internal Assessment</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td> <td>15 Marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Attendance</td> <td>05 Marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td> <td>10 Marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>External University exams</td> <td>70 marks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100 marks</td> </tr> </table>	Internal Assessment		Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks	External University exams	70 marks	Total	100 marks
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External University exams	70 marks												
Total	100 marks												

Course – 1805090101030002– Law of Export-Import – I

Course Code	1805090101030002
Course Title	Law of Export-Import – I
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course is designed to enhance the knowledge of foreign trade policy among the students.

	CO4							
Course Content	1. Constitutional perspectives History- rigidity to liberalization -Import & Export Control Act 1947 Foreign Trade Development & Regulation Act 1992. Impact of regulation on economy 2. International Regime GATT WTO - structure – function- tariff & non-tariff restrictions- Dumping & Anti-dumping measures- reduction of subsidies- impact on Indian economy 3. EXIM policies (including Foreign Trade Policy 2009-2014)- promotional measures- SEZ- EOU – EPZ- Export Promotion Councils- Special Economic Zones Act 2005 4. Custom Act Prohibition on import & export of goods Levy of & exemption from custom duties Clearance of imported & exported goods Conveyance & ware housing of goods 5. Marine Product Export Development							
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Government of India Handbook of Import Export Procedures - Annual Survey of Indian Law (relevant portion) - Government of India Import and Export Policy Foreign Trade Development & Regulation Act 1992 and Rules Import and Export control Act 1947 Special Economic Zones Act 2005 - Marine Product Export Development Authority Act 1972 Journal of Business Law Customs Manual (Latest edition) - The Customs Act 1962 - Taxman -World Trade Organization - Myani- W.T.O. (Asian Law House) 							
Teaching Methodology	Lecture Method, Classroom teaching, Discussion, Self-Study and Assignment							
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment							
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)						15 Marks	
	Attendance						05 Marks	
	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course						10 Marks	
	External University exams						70 marks	
	Total						100 marks	

Course –1805090101040002 – Law of Industrial & Intellectual Property Rights – I (Copyright & Design)

Course Code	1805090101040002
Course Title	Law of Industrial & Intellectual Property Rights – I (Copyright & Design)
Credit	4

Teaching per week	4							
Minimum weeks per semester	15							
Effective from	2011-2012							
Purpose of course	The purpose of the course is to enable to gain the knowledge regarding copyright and design to the students.							
Course objective	The concept of intellectual property rights as developed in India cannot be divorced from the developments in the international arena as well as in the nation-to-nation relations. The impact of IPR regime on the economic front is emphasised in this paper. In particular, greater attention would be given here to the law relating to unfair and restrictive trade practices as affecting the regime of intellectual property rights. New areas of development, especially plant patenting and patenting of new forms of life (biotechnology) should receive special attention. Evidentiary aspects of infringement, and human right dimensions of the regime of intellectual property law will also be addressed.							
Course Outcome	CO1 Conceptualization about copyright and design. CO2 Remembering, understanding and applying Copyright law with respect to its dynamic subject matter CO3 Remembering, understanding and applying the Design Act. CO4 Applying, analyzing and evaluating international aspects of Copyright and Design Law. CO5 Evaluating and analyzing the contemporary issues in Copyright and Design Law.							
Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							
Course Content	IPR and International Perspectives → The Legal Regime of Unfair Trade Practices and of Intellectual Property → United Nations approach (UNCTAD, UNCITRAL) → EEC approaches → Position in U.S → The Indian situation → Special problems of the status of computer software in copyright → Copyright Act, 1957 and → Copyright Rules → Special problems of proof of Infringement in Copyright → Status of Intellectual Property in Transit- TRIPS obligation- Indian position → Evidentiary problems in piracy							

	<p>→ Need and Scope of Law reforms</p> <p>→ Differences in resources for copyright examination between developed and developing societies</p> <p>→ Design Act, 2000 - International perspectives - Historical perspectives - Position in India</p> <p>→ New changes made in Design Act, 2000 - Application of new Law</p> <p>→ Copyright and Design - Right to protect the design from piracy - Instance of piracy of Design - Term of copyright in Design</p> <p>→ Infringement of Design - Test of Infringement - Onus to prove infringement</p> <p>→ Differences between Industrial Design and Lay-out Designs → Relevant provisions of Designs Act, 2000</p> <p>→ Need and scope of Law reforms.</p>									
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Principles of Intellectual Property Gopalalrishnan N. S. Eastern Book Co.- Rama Sarma Commentary on Intellectual Property Laws- Sarma Rama Butterworths Wadhwa Nagpur- Rama Sarma Commentary on Intellectual Property Laws- Sarma Rama Butterworths Wadhwa Nagpur- Law relating to Intellectual Property Wadehra B. L. Universal New Delhi- National Legal Instrument of Intellectual Property law Vol. I- Dept of Business Law NLSU Bangalore National School of India University Bangalore- International Legal Instrument of Intellectual Property law Vol. II- Dept. of Business Law NLSu Bangalore National School of India University Bangalore- International Legal Instrument of Intellectual Property law Vol. I- Dept. of Business Law NLSu Bangalore National School of India University Bangalore- International Legal Instrument of Intellectual Property law Vol. I- Dept. of Business Law NLSu Bangalore National School of India University Bangalore- Basic Prin. Of Intellectual Property Rights T. Rama Krishna National School of India University Bangalore- Ownership Enforcement Of Intellectual Property Rights T. Rama Krishna National School of India University Bangalore- Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights T.Rama Krishna National School of India University Bangalore- IPR & Laws Dr. G. B. Reddy Hdyrabad Gogin Law Agency University Book Co. IPR –- IPR and Global Vision Verma S. K. ILI, Delhi									
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	Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	
	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Course – 1805090101050002– Corporate Finance – I

Course Code	1805090101050002
Course Title	Corporate Finance – I
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	<p>Industrialization has played, and has to play, a very vital role in the economic development of India. In the post independent era, industrial development is regarded, and hence employed, as principal means in the strategy for achieving the goal of economic and social justice envisioned in the constitution. Corporation, both public and private, and are viewed as a powerful instrument for development, and theory for ameliorating the living standards of masses. In a developing society like India enormous varieties of consumer goods are manufactured or produced. Obviously, the situation raises the issues of procuring utilizing and managing the finances. For this purpose a science of financial management techniques has been evolved. The faculties of commerce, business and management studies have since last decades started to impart instruction so as to turn out sufficiently well-equipped and adequately trained financial personnel. However, the legal and juristic aspects of corporate finance have been more or less not effectively taken care of. The CDC recognized the importance of these aspects. A law person has to play noteworthy role in the developmental processes.</p>
Course objective	<p>In view of the above perspectives the broad objectives of this cause may be formulated as follows-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To understand the economic and legal dimensions of corporate finance in the process of industrial development in establishing social order in the context of constitutional values. 2. To acquaint the students with the normative philosophical and economic contours of various statutory rules relating to corporate finance. 3. To evaluate the application and functioning of such statutory rules in their role for the establishment of “just” order in India.

	<div>4. To acquaint the students with the organisation, functions, lending, and recovery procedures, conditions of lending and accountability of international national and state financing institutions and also of commercial banks; and</div> <div>5. To acquaint the students with the process of the flow and outflow of corporate finance.</div>																																																
Course Outcome	<div>CO1. To help the students understand the concept of corporate finance.</div> <div>CO2. To help the students understand the working of corporate financial system and investment decision.</div> <div>CO3. Explain how to value a firm and apply skills in evaluation debt and equity securities.</div> <div>CO4. The raising of Capital for business by way of equity, debt and loans and the laws regulating the same.</div> <div>CO5. Protection of creditors, investors and legal aspects about the governance of corporate management.</div>																																																
Mapping between CO's with PSOs	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>CO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	CO1								CO2								CO3								CO4								CO5							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7																																										
CO1																																																	
CO2																																																	
CO3																																																	
CO4																																																	
CO5																																																	
Course Content	<div>→ Introduction - Meaning, Importance, Scope and objectives of Corporate Finance</div> <div>→ Constitutional Perspective</div> <div>→ Types of Finance - Equity Finance- share capital- prospectus-information disclosure- Issues & allotment- shares without monetary consecration- non opting equity shares</div> <div>→ Debt finance - Debenture - Nature, issue and class - Deposit and acceptance - Fixed and floating charges - Mortgage - Convertible debentures</div> <div>→ Corporate fund raising - Depositories- Indian Depository Receipts, American Depository Receipts and Global Depository Receipts - Public Finance Institutions- IDBI, ICICI, IFC & SFC - Mutual fund and other collective investment schemes - EDI & NRI investment- Foreign institutional investments (IMF & World Bank)</div> <div>→ Protection of creditors - Need for creditor protection - Preference in payment - Rights in making company decisions affecting creditors' interests - Creditors' self-protection - Incorporation of favourable terms in lending contracts - Right to nominate directors - Control over corporate spending</div>																																																

	→ Protection of Investors - Individual share holder right - Corporate membership right - Derivative actions - Qualified membership right - Conversion consolidation & re-organization of shares - Transfer and transmission of securities - Dematerialization of securities	
Reference books	-	
Teaching Methodology	Lecture Method, Classroom teaching, Discussion, Self-Study and Assignment	
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment	
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks
	Attendance	05 Marks
	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks
	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Course –1805090101060002 – Legal Regulations on Economic Enterprises – I

Course Code	1805090101060002
Course Title	Legal Regulations on Economic Enterprises – I
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course deals with various economic policies with constitutional perspective with company legislations in operational perspectives.
Course objective	After independence we have placed greater emphasis on the growth of our economy. The focus is on growth, both in public and private sectors, so as to cope up with the problems of population explosion. We have found that there is now almost a circle from laissez faire to welfare state and again back to laissez faire. Adoption of the concept of global economy in the presence of the socialistic perspectives in the Constitution presents a dilemma. The trends of liberalization starting in the early nineties and continuing to this day bring a shift in focus of regulation in diverse fields of economic activities. This course is designed to acquaint the students of the eco-legal perspectives and implications of such development
Course Outcome	CO1 Rationale of government regulations with constitutional perspectives with various economic policies. CO2 Detailed conceptualization about right to information, competition and consumer legislations. CO3 Understanding the legal process of management, control and

	winding up of industrial units as per company law and licensing policy. CO4 Essential commodities, monopoly and restrictive trade practices legislations.							
Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
Course Content	<div>1. Constitutional Perspectives</div> <div>2. Industrials Policy Resolutions</div> <div>3. Industrial Development & Regulation Act</div> <div>4. S I C Act</div> <div>5. Regulations of Economic Policy</div> <div>6. Licensing Policy & Legal Process</div> <div>7. Competition Act 2002</div> <div>8. Collaboration agreement for investment & technology</div>							
Reference books	<div>- Company law by S. M. Shah</div> <div>- Company law by Avtarsingh</div> <div>- Company law by K. Kisha</div> <div>- Industrials Policy Resolutions 1948, 1958,1991</div> <div>- Industrials Policy Statements</div> <div>- Economic Policy</div> <div>- Industrials Development & Regulation Act, 1961</div>							
Teaching Methodology	Lecture Method, Classroom teaching, Discussion, Self-Study and Assignment							
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment							
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)						15 Marks	
	Attendance						05 Marks	
	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course						10 Marks	
	External University exams						70 marks	
	Total						100 marks	

Semester II

Semester II								
Course Code	Title	Teaching per week		Course Credit	University Examination		Internal Marks	Total Marks
		Theory	Practical		Duration	Marks		
1905090102010001	Constitutional Law - II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090102020001	Legal Education and Research Methodology	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090102030002	Law of Export – Import – II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090102040002	Law of Industrial & Intellectual Property Rights – II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090102050002	Corporate Finance - II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090102060002	Legal Regulations on Economic Enterprises – II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100

Course: 1905090102010001: Constitutional Law - II

Course Code	1905090102010001
Course Title	Constitutional Law - II
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	The purpose of this paper is to make students develop and understand the skill of reading and interpreting the Constitution, to train students in understanding historical evolution of Constitutional doctrines and to make students analyze the various interpretation of Constitution by Judiciary.
Course objective	The purpose of this paper is to make students develop and understand the skill of reading and interpreting the Constitution, to train students in understanding historical evolution of Constitutional doctrines and to make students analyze the various interpretation of Constitution by Judiciary.

Course Outcome	<p>CO1 To introduce students with the concepts of the Constitution by addressing the ideological framework relied upon by the framers of the Constitution of India, the system of government and role of judiciary by discussing and analysing the rights and duties specified under the Constitution of India</p> <p>CO2 To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary</p> <p>CO3 To understand the central and state relations, financial and administrative</p> <p>CO4 To realize the status and importance of fundamental rights, fundamental duties and directive principles of state policy and relation among them by understanding the articulation of its basic values under the Constitution of India;</p> <p>C05 Comprehend the basic feature of the Constitution of India and the importance of the role of judiciary in ensuring checks and balances</p> <p>CO6 Understand the meaning, nature and concept of federalism, its essential features and be able to familiarize with the Indian federal structure and its status quo in the contemporary era.</p>							
Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							
	CO6							
Course Content	<p>1. Comparative Constitutionalism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Authoritarianism-Dictatorship Democracy-Historic Evolution of Constitutional Government• Limited Government-Concept-Limitations on Government Power• Separation of Powers• Rule of Law-Concept and New Horizons• Judicial Review and its Reach <p>2. Federalism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Confederation and Federation-Distinction• Patterns of Federal Government, What is Federal Government• Judicial Review for Federal Umpiring• Principles of Federalism, Indian Constitutional Provisions &							

	<p>Scheme : Central</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Control Vs. State Autonomy • New Trends in Federalism : Co-operative Federalism • Plural Aspects of Indian Federalism : Special Status of Jammu & Kashmir; • Tribal Areas, Scheduled Areas. • Nature and Characteristics of Indian Federalism : Territory-Federal • Implications; Creation of new states. <p>3. Centre-State Relations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Legislative Relations & Management of Legislative Conflicts within Federal • Framework. • Administrative Relations and Management of Executive Conflicts within • Federal Framework. • Distribution of Fiscal Power, Financial Relations and Management of Financial • Conflicts, Restrictions and Regulations of Fiscal Power and Allocation within • Federal Framework. • Judicial Machinery for settlement of Centre-State and Inter-State Disputes • Inter-State Disputes, Comity and Co-operation within Federal Framework. • Justice Sarkaria Commission: Recommendations on Centre-State Relations. <p>4. Democratic Government</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parliamentary Government at the Centre and State • Union Executive : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – President: Election, Qualifications, Powers, Impeachment and Relationship with Council of Ministries. – Council of Ministries : Prime Minister-Cabinet System-Collective & Individual Responsibility – Attorney General of India • State Executive : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Governor and State Government Constitutional Relationship – Governor's position from the perspective of Federalism • Legislative Processes, Powers and Privileges and Immunities. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Comptroller & Auditor General of India • Coalition Government and Anti Defection Law • Local Governments : Panchayats, Municipalities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Union Territories – Scheduled & Tribal Areas
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Free & Fair Elections as essence of Democracy and the Role of Election Commission <p>5. Constitutional Processes of Adaptation and Alterations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Methods of Constitutional Amendments • Limitations upon Constituent Power • Development of Basic Structure, Doctrine of Judicial Activism and Restraint • Power, Procedure of Constitutional Amendment and its implications of Federal Structure. <p>6. Inter-State Trade and Commerce: Problems and Perspectives</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Freedom • Exceptions • Implications on the Concept of Federalism <p>7. Services Under the Constitution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Doctrine of Pleasure of the President and the Governor • Protection against arbitrary removal, reduction and dismissal. • Public Service Commissions. <p>8. Federalism and Emergency Situations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proclamation and Effect of Proclamation. • Duty of Union to protect States • Failure of Constitutional machinery in State and Centre's responsibility. • Emergency and its impact on Fundamental rights: Direction of the Centre to the • State under Article-356 and 365. • Financial Emergency and its Implications
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – M.V. Pylee: Constitutions of the World (2003), Universal. – M.P. Singh (ed). V.N. Shukla' : Constitutional Law of India (2008), Oxford – M.P. Singh (ed) : Comparative Constitutional Law, Festschrift in Honour of – Professor P.K. Tripath, (2011) Eastern. – H.M. Seervai : Constitutional Law of India (1991), Tripathi. – M.P. Jain : Indian Constitutional Law (Vol-I & II - 2010) Lexis Nexis – T.K. Tope : Constitutional Law of India – Constituent Assembly Debates : Vol-9 (pp.203, 240, 302-349) and Vol-10 (325-342) – Administrative Reforms Commission: Report of the Study Team on Central-State Relationships (1967) Vol-I Sections-I & II. – L.M. Singhvi (ed) : Union-State Relations in India (1969) – K. Subba Rao : The Indian Federation. – K.C. Wheare : Federal Government, Oxford. – D.D. Basu : Constitutional Law of India, Prentice-Hall – D.T. Lakdawala : Union-State Financial Relation, (1967) – V.D. Sebastian : Indian Federalism and Legislative Conflicts (1985) – Granville Austin : Indian Constitution Cornerstone of the Nation: Fifty

	<p>years of the working of the Indian Supreme Court</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – B.N. Rau : Making of the Indian Constitution – V.M. Dandekar : "Unitary Elements in a Federal Constitution" 22 EPW, 1865 (1988) – S.P. Sathe : Fundamental Rights and Amendment of Indian Constitution (1968) – G.C.V. Sabhu Rao : Legislative Powers in Indian Constitutional Law (1982) – International Commission of Jurists : Status of Emergency and Human Rights (1984) – S.K. Verma and Kusum (eds) : Fifty Years of the Supreme Court of India – Its Grasp and Reach (4th Impression-2009) Indian Law Institute Oxford. – Report of the National Commission to Review the Working of the Constitution (2002) – Relevant Volumes of the Annual Survey of Indian Law published by the Indian Law Institute (Constitutional Law-II) New Delhi. 												
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.												
Evaluation Method	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Internal Assessment</td></tr> <tr> <td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td><td>15 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Attendance</td><td>05 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td><td>10 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>External University exams</td><td>70 marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total</td><td>100 marks</td></tr> </table>	Internal Assessment		Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks	External University exams	70 marks	Total	100 marks
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External University exams	70 marks												
Total	100 marks												

Course: 1905090102020001: Legal Education and Research Methodology

Course Code	1905090102020001
Course Title	Legal Education and Research Methodology
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	The purpose of this paper is to study various aspects of legal education and to learn and understand the procedure involved in legal research.
Course objective	The course objective is to conduct legal research in a systematic manner and to learn about legal education.
Course Outcome	<p>CO1: To study how and why legal education was introduced in India and to understand the importance of legal education.</p> <p>CO2: Identify and explain the broad contexts of legal research, various constituencies of that research and different forms of analysis</p>

	<p>of that research.</p> <p>CO3: Construct a literature review, frame a legal research question and develop an appropriate methodology.</p> <p>CO4: Demonstrate persuasive and effective written and oral communication skill.</p> <p>CO5: Synthesise and critically identify, use and evaluate a range of legal resources</p> <p>CO6: Record, store and manage research data</p>																																																								
Mapping between CO's with PSOs	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>CO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO6</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> <p>PSO 1. Should be able to Gather and interpret relevant facts and conduct legal research.</p> <p>PSO 2. Should be able to Demonstrate understanding of substantive and procedural law with basic principles of Business Law which is sufficient to enter into the legal profession and other professions in which legal knowledge is an advantage.</p> <p>PSO 3. To understand specific issues relating to Economic Legislation, Banking and Insurance Sector, Industrial and Intellectual Property Transitional Trade Agreement.</p> <p>PSO 4. To apply business law in contemporary business practices.</p> <p>PSO 5. To analyze the emerging Legal issues concerning Commerce, Insurance, Banking and Industrial Sector.</p> <p>PSO 6. To evaluate the existing economic practices and its implication on the economy.</p> <p>PSO 7. To create Legal Experts in the field of Banking, Insurance and Trading Houses who can contribute in the formation of new policies which shall help in administration of Justice.</p>		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	CO1								CO2								CO3								CO4								CO5								CO6							
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CO6																																																									
Course Content	<p>1. Legal Education</p> <p>1.1 Objectives of Legal Education</p> <p>1.2 Methods of Law Teaching - Merits & Demerits</p> <p>1.2.1 Lecture Method</p> <p>1.2.2 Problem Method</p> <p>1.2.3 Discuss Method</p>																																																								

	<p>1.2.4 Seminar Method</p> <p>1.2.5 Pedagogy & Use of ICT</p> <p>1.3 Post Graduate Teaching: Pedagogy and Use of ICT.</p> <p>1.4 Examination System - Internal and External Evaluation and Problems in evaluation.</p> <p>1.5 Students Participation in law school programmes - Organisation of seminars, publication of journal, students' feedback</p> <p>1.6 Clinical Legal Education : Legal aid, legal literacy, legal survey and law reform</p> <p>2. Research Methodology</p> <p>2.1 Research, Legal Research and Socio-Legal Research</p> <p>2.2 Research Methods and Research Methodology-distinction</p> <p>2.3 Kinds of research methods</p> <p>2.3.1 Doctrinal and non-doctrinal</p> <p>2.3.2 Relevance of empirical research</p> <p>2.3.3 Induction and Deduction methods of Reasoning</p> <p>3. Research Problem</p> <p>3.1 What is research problem?</p> <p>3.2 Identification and formulation of research problem</p> <p>3.3 Survey of literature and bibliographical research</p> <p>3.4 Legislative materials including subordinate legislations, notifications and policy statements</p> <p>3.5 Decisional materials including foreign decisions, methods of discovering "rule of the case", tracing history of important cases and whether overruled; discovering judicial conflict in areas pertaining to the research problem and the reasons thereof.</p> <p>3.6 Juristic writings-survey of juristic literature relevant to select problem in Indian and Foreign periodicals.</p> <p>3.7 List of Reports and Special Studies conducted relevant to the research problem</p> <p>4. Preparation of Research Design</p> <p>4.1 Meaning, Contents, Steps of Research Design</p> <p>4.2 Characteristics and Significance of Research Design</p> <p>4.3 Types of Research Designs</p> <p>4.4 Designs of Study in Empirical Research</p> <p>4.5 Sampling Method in Legal Research</p> <p>4.6 Legal Impact Analysis and Impact of Judicial decisions</p> <p>4.7 Scaling Technique</p> <p>4.8 Socio-metry in Socio-legal Research</p> <p>5. Devising Tools and Techniques for Data Collection</p> <p>5.1 Questionnaire and Schedule</p> <p>5.2 Interviewing : Art and Skill</p> <p>5.3 Scaling Technique in Socio-legal Research</p> <p>5.4 Use of observation studies</p>
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	<p>5.5 Use of Historical and Comparative research and case materials and juristic literature</p> <p>5.6 Methods of collection of statutory and case materials and juristic literature</p> <p>5.7 Use of case studies</p> <p>5.8 Jurimetrics</p> <p>6. Classification and Tabulation of Data</p> <p>6.1 Use of cards for data collections and Rules for tabulation</p> <p>6.2 Analysis and Interpretation of Data</p> <p>7. Use of Computers and Law Library</p> <p>8. Report writing</p>												
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Robert Watt : Concise Legal Research (2001) Universal. – S.K. Myneni : Legal Research Methodology (2001) Allahabad – Hugh Brayne, Nigel Duncan and Richard Grimes : Clinical Legal Education - Active – Learning in your Law School (2003) Oxford. – N.R. Madhava Menon (ed) : A Handbook on Clinical Legal Education (1998) Eastern – S.K. Agrawal (ed) : Legal Education in India (1973), Tripathi – Indian Law Institute Publication : Legal Research and Methodology (2001) – M.O. Price , H. Bitner and Bysiewicz : Effective Legal Research (1979) – Pauline V. Young : Scientific Social Survey and Research (1962) – Morris L. Cohen : Legal Research in a Nutshell (1996) West Publishing Co. – Harvard Law Review Association : Uniform System of Citations. – William J. Goode and Paul K. Hatt : Methods in Social Research (1952) – H.M. Hyman : Interviewing in Social Research (1965) – Payne : The Art of Asking Questions (1965) – Erwin C. Surrency, B. Field and J. Crea : A Guide to Legal Research (1959) – UGC Report of the Curriculum Development Centre in Law Vol-I & II (1990) and UGC Model Curriculum in Law Report (2001). 												
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.												
Evaluation Method	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Internal Assessment</td></tr> <tr> <td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td><td>15 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Attendance</td><td>05 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td><td>10 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>External University exams</td><td>70 marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total</td><td>100 marks</td></tr> </table>	Internal Assessment		Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks	External University exams	70 marks	Total	100 marks
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Attendance	05 Marks												
Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks												
External University exams	70 marks												
Total	100 marks												

Course Code	1905090102030002
Course Title	Law of Export-Import – II
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course is designed to make student to give deep knowledge about the concept of export and import with various international agreements and FDI and FII.
Course objective	<p>After independence India has embarked upon all round efforts to modernise her economy through developmental ventures. Greater and greater emphasis is placed on increase of production in both industrial and agricultural sectors. Besides, there was the ever-pressing need for raising capital for investment in certain basic and key industries. All these required a considerably high rate of investment of capital. The process of modernisation necessitated the adoption of newer technologies for industry and agriculture. These technologies had to be borrowed from other developed countries. This, in turn, needed foreign exchange which could be earned by the increased exports of goods and raw materials from India. The need for accelerating the export trade of India's developing economy can hardly be over emphasised. Export earnings enable a developing country to finance its massive requirements of growth, to maintain its essential imports and thereby stimulate the process of its economic developments. In the words of Prof. V.K. R.V. Rao: "In fact, expansion of exports may well be described as an integral part of the development process, neglect of which can only be at the peril of development itself". Increasing exports have been necessitated to meet the growing needs of defence. India is a country rich in natural resources. One of the approaches to combat its economic backwardness could be in large-scale production and in maximization of its exports. Import and export of goods and raw materials is a complex, complicated and intricate activity. It involves elaborate economic, fiscal, budgetary and monetary policy considerations. Export and Import control policy is also closely connected with country's balance of payment position. The detailed procedures for imports and exports are provided in the Hand Book. The Union Government used to declare its import and export policy for a three-year period. At present they declare the policy for five years. The controls on exports and imports are closely connected with the Foreign Trade Regulation Act 1992. Law 250 This course is designed to acquaint the students about the parameters of legal controls on imports and exports.</p>
Course Outcome	<p>CO1. Understanding the basic of Import and Export.</p> <p>CO2. Understand the various International Agreement.</p>

	6. Govt. of India- Handbook of Import-Export Policy 7. FERA 8. FEMA 9. Banking Laws										
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.										
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td><td>15 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Attendance</td><td>05 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td><td>10 Marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>External University exams</td><td>70 marks</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total</td><td>100 marks</td></tr> </table>	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks	External University exams	70 marks	Total	100 marks
Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks										
Attendance	05 Marks										
Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks										
External University exams	70 marks										
Total	100 marks										

Course – 1905090102040002

Law of Industrial & Intellectual Property Rights – II (Patent & Trademark)

Course Code	1905090102040002
Course Title	Law of Industrial & Intellectual Property Rights – II (Patent & Trademark)
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course is designed to enhance the knowledge with the basic fundamentals of Patent and Trademark among the students.
Course objective	The concept of intellectual property rights as developed in India cannot be divorced from the developments in the international arena as well as in the nation-to-nation relations. The impact of IPR regime on the economic front is emphasised in this paper. In particular, greater attention would be given here to the law relating to unfair and restrictive trade practices as affecting the regime of intellectual property rights. New areas of development, especially plant patenting and patenting of new forms of life (biotechnology) should receive special attention. Evidentiary aspects of infringement, and human right dimensions of the regime of intellectual property law will also be addressed.
Course Outcome	CO1. Remembering, understanding and applying Trademark law and its basic concepts. CO2. Remembering, understanding and applying the Patent Act so as

	to understand the various concepts under it. CO3. Applying, analyzing and evaluating international aspects of Trademark and Patent Law. C04. Evaluating and analyzing the contemporary issues in Trademark and Patent Law.							
Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
Course Content	<p>→ IPR in International perspectives</p> <p>→ Special problems of status of computer software in Patent</p> <p>→ Evolution of Patent Law- upto 2005(from 1975)</p> <p>→ Biotechnology patents</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- TRIPS- Plant patenting- Sui generis protection for plant varieties- Multinational ownership- Regulation of environment and health hazards in Biotechnology patent- Indian policy and Patent <p>→ Patent search, examination and records:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- European Patent Treaty (EPT)- Patent CO-operation Treaty (PCT)- Differences in resources for patent examination between developed and developing countries (societies)- Indian situation <p>→ Special problems of proof of Infringement</p> <p>TRIPS obligation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- The evidentiary problems in action of passing off- The proof of non-anticipation, novelty of Inventions protected by Patent Law- Evidentiary problems in Piracy- TRIPS obligation, reversal of burden of proof in process patent <p>→ Need and Scope of Law reforms</p> <p>Trade Mark</p> <p>→ Law relating to Trademark Act, 1999</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Service Marks- Certification Marks, Collective Marks & Well known Marks- Distinctiveness of Trade Mark- Distinct Trademark- Deceptive similar Trademark (subject matter of Trademark), condition for registration, remedies for Infringement- Passing-off Action <p>→ Geographical Indication and TRIPS, Indian position, Appellation of origin</p> <p>→ Traditional knowledge</p>							

	- Economics of TK, TK & Biodiversity - Bio piracy, Indian Legal Regim and Trademark - Trademark protection & promotion → Protection of plant & varieties Act → Information Technology Act, 2000	
Reference books	-	
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.	
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment	
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks
	Attendance	05 Marks
	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks
	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Course – 1905090102050002 – Corporate Finance – II

Course Code	1905090102050002
Course Title	Corporate Finance – II
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	<p>Industrialization has played, and has to play, a very vital role in the economic development of India. In the post independent era, industrial development is regarded, and hence employed, as principal means in the strategy for achieving the goal of economic and social justice envisioned in the constitution. Corporation, both public and private, and are viewed as a powerful instrument for development, and theory for ameliorating the living standards of masses. In a developing society like India enormous varieties of consumer goods are manufactured or produced. Obviously, the situation raises the issues of procuring utilizing and managing the finances. For this purpose a science of financial management techniques has been evolved. The faculties of commerce, business and management studies have since last decades started to impart instruction so as to turn out sufficiently well-equipped and adequately trained financial personnel. However, the legal and juristic aspects of corporate finance have been more or less not effectively taken care of. The CDC recognized the importance of these aspects. A law person has to play noteworthy role in the developmental processes.</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Control on payment of dividends - Managerial remuneration - Payment of commissions & brokerage - Inter-corporate loans and investments - Pay-back of shares - Other corporate spending → Administrative Regulation on Corporate Finance - Inspection of Accounts - SEBI - Central Govt. control - Control by registrar of companies - RBI control → Legal aspects governing corporate management - Meetings, Majority rule and Minority protection - Prevention of oppression, mismanagement - Role of central Govt., company registrar, Company Law Board/ Tribunal → Corporate Governance - Concept - Significance - Dimensions - Legal framework - Impact of globalization → FEMA - FERA → Wending up 	
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Guide to Company Law Ramaiya - Corporate Finance- Principles & Problems S.C.Kuchhal - Govt. Regulations of Financial Management of Private Sector in India Y.D.Kulshreshta - Current Problems of Corporate Law - Company Law & Corporate Finance Ferrari Eillis - Corporate Law N.L.S. of India University, Bangalore - Company Law Avtar Singh - Company Law Taxman 	
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.	
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment	
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks
	Attendance	05 Marks
	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks
	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Course Code	1905090102060002																																								
Course Title	Legal Regulations on Economic Enterprises – II																																								
Credit	4																																								
Teaching per week	4																																								
Minimum weeks per semester	15																																								
Effective from	2011-2012																																								
Purpose of course	This course is designed to prepare the student regarding complete adherence to the Indian economy, concept of commodity, foreign exchange and environment.																																								
Course objective	After independence we have placed greater emphasis on the growth of our economy. The focus is on growth, both in public and private sectors, so as to cope up with the problems of population explosion. We have found that there is now almost a circle from laissez faire to welfare state and again back to laissez faire. Adoption of the concept of global economy in the presence of the socialistic perspectives in the Constitution presents a dilemma. The trends of liberalization starting in the early nineties and continuing to this day bring a shift in focus of regulation in diverse fields of economic activities. This course is designed to acquaint the students of the eco-legal perspectives and implications of such development																																								
Course Outcome	CO1: Analyze various Five year plan in the Indian Economy and its impact on the market. CO2: Understanding the goals, processes, dynamics, and relevant provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and its impact on the economy. CO3: Critically evaluate functions of 3 major authorities and understand concept of FDI and FII. CO4: Understanding the role of economics at National and International Level with relation to Commodities, Foreign Exchange and Environment.																																								
Mapping between CO’s with PSOs	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>CO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	CO1								CO2								CO3								CO4							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7																																		
CO1																																									
CO2																																									
CO3																																									
CO4																																									
Course Content	1. Problems of Control & Accountability 2. Regulation of Hazardous Activity 2.1 Environment Protection 2.2 Specific Acts 2.3 Constitutional Provisions for environment protection																																								

	3. Industrial Disputes Act 4. IRAI IRDA Broadcasting Regulatory Authority Transport Regulatory Authority 5. Legal Regulation of Multinational 5.1 Collaboration agreement for Technology transfer 5.2 Development & Regulation of Foreign Investment 6. Trade Union Act 7. Corporate Liability 7.1 Legal Liabilities of Companies 7.2 Civil, Criminal & Tortious Liability 7.3 Social Responsibility 7.4 Specific Relief Act 7.5 Writs-PIL 7.6 Liability under Specific Statutes 7.7 Public Liability Insurance Act 8. SEZ	
Reference books	Selected Bibliography 1. Guide to Company Law- Ramalya 2. Corporate Finance- Principles and Problems- S.C Kuchhal 3. Govt. Regulations of Financial Management of Private Sector in India-Y.D Kulshreshta 4. Current Problems of Corporate Law 5. Company Law & Corporate Finance-Ferrari Eillis 6. Corporate Law- NLSU, Bangalore 7. Company Law-Avatar Singh 8. Company Law- S.M Shah, Taxman Company Law 9. Company Law by K.Kisha 10. Industrial Policy Resolutions 1948,1958,1991 11. Industrial Policy Statement 12. Economic Policy 13. Industrial Development & Regulation Act, 1961 14. Modern Company Law- Dr. S.C Tripathi 15. Company Law- K.Kishor	
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.	
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment	
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks
	Attendance	05 Marks
	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned	10 Marks

	Course	
	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Semester III

Semester III								
Course Code	Title	Teaching per week		Course Credit	University Examination		Internal Marks	Total Marks
		Theory	Practical		Duration	Marks		
1905090103010001	Law and Social Transformation	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090103020001	Judicial Process	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090103030002	Law of Insurance – I	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090103040002	Law of Insurance – II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090103050002	Banking Law - I	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100
1905090103060002	Banking Law - II	4	0	4	3hrs	70	30	100

Course: 1905090103010001: Law and Social Transformation in India

Course Code	1905090103010001
Course Title	Law and Social Transformation in India
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	The purpose of this paper is to make the students aware the role that law has played and has to play in the contemporary Indian society.
Course objective	This course is designed to offer the teacher and the taught with –(a) awareness of Indian approaches to social and economic problems in the context of law as a means of social control and charge; and (b) a spirit of inquiry to explore the law and legal institutions as a means to achieve development within the framework of law.
Course Outcome	CO1: Explain constitutional orientation and response to social transformation CO2: Describe aspects of non-discrimination on the ground of

	language CO3: Identify affirmative actions necessary for social transformation CO4: Analyze the impact of multiculturalism and ethnicity CO5: Conceptualize modernization of law and social institutions.																																																
Mapping between CO's with PSOs	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>CO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	CO1								CO2								CO3								CO4								CO5							
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CO1																																																	
CO2																																																	
CO3																																																	
CO4																																																	
CO5																																																	
Course Content	<p>1. Law and Social Change</p> <p>1.1 Law as an instrument of social change.</p> <p>1.2 Law as the product of traditions and culture.</p> <p>Criticism and evaluation in the light of colonization and the introduction of common law system and institutions in India and its impact of further development of law and legal Institutions in India.</p> <p>2. Religion and the law</p> <p>2.1 Religion as a divisive factor.</p> <p>2.2 Secularism as a solution to the problem.</p> <p>2.3 Reform of the law on secular lines: Problems.</p> <p>2.4 Freedom of religion and non- discrimination on the basis of religion.</p> <p>2.5 Religious minorities and the law.</p> <p>3. Language and the law</p> <p>3.1 Language as a divisive factor: Formation of linguistic states.</p> <p>3.2 Constitutional guarantees to linguistic minorities</p> <p>3.3 Language policy and the constitution: Official Language: multi-language system.</p> <p>3.4 Non- discrimination on the ground of language.</p> <p>4. Community and the law</p> <p>4.1 Caste as a divisive factor.</p> <p>4.2 Non - discrimination on the ground of caste.</p> <p>4.3 Acceptance of caste as a factor to undo past injustices.</p> <p>4.4 Protective-discrimination: Scheduled castes, tribes backward classes.</p> <p>4.5 Reservation; Statutory Commissions, Statutory provisions.</p> <p>5. Regionalism and the law</p> <p>5.1 Regionalism as a divisive factor.</p> <p>5.2 Concept of India as one unit.</p>																																																

	<p>5.3 Right of movement, residence and business; impermissibility of state of region berries</p> <p>5.4 Equality and in matters of employment: the slogan “Sons of the Soil” and its practice.</p> <p>5.5 Admission to education institutions: preference to residents of state.</p> <p>6. Women and the law</p> <p>6.1 Crimes against women</p> <p>6.2 Gender injustice and its various forms.</p> <p>6.3 Women’s Commission.</p> <p>6.4 Empowerment of women: Constitutional and other legal provisions.</p> <p>7. Children and the law</p> <p>7.1 Child labour.</p> <p>7.2 Sexual exploitation.</p> <p>7.3 Adoption and related problems.</p> <p>7.4 Children and education.</p> <p>8. Modernisation and the law</p> <p>8.1 Modernisation as a value: Constitutional Perspectives reflected in the fundamental duties.</p> <p>8.2 Modernisation of social institution through law.</p> <p>8.2.1 Reform of family law</p> <p>8.2.2 Agrarian reform – Industrialisation of agriculture.</p> <p>8.3 Agrarian reform- Free enterprise v. State regulation- Industrialisation environmental protection.</p> <p>8.4 Reform of court processes.</p> <p>8.4.1 Criminal law: plea bargaining; compounding and payment compensation to victims.</p> <p>8.4.2 Civil law: (ADR) Confrontation v. Confrontation v. consensus; Mediation and conciliation; Lok adalats.</p> <p>8.4.3 Prison reforms.</p> <p>8.5 Democratic decentralization and local self-governments.</p> <p>9. Alternative approaches to law</p> <p>9.1 The jurisprudence of Sarvodaya- Gandhiji, vinoba bhave; Jayaprakash Narayan; Surrender of decoits; concept of grama nyalayas.</p> <p>9.2 Socialist thought on law and justice; an enquiry through constitutional debate on the right to property.</p> <p>9.3 India Marxist critique of law and justice.</p> <p>9.4 Naxalite movements: causes and cure.</p>
Reference books	<p>– Marc Galanter (ed.):<u>Law and Society in Modern India</u> (1997) Oxford.</p> <p>– Robert Lingat : <u>The Classical Law of India</u> (1998), Oxford.</p> <p>– U. Baxi:<u>The Crisis of the Indian Legal System</u> (1992), Vikas, New Delhi.</p> <p>– U. Baxi (ed.):<u>Law and Poverty Critical Essays</u> (1988), Tripathi, Bombay.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">: <u>Towards Sociology of Law</u>, 1986, Satvahan</p>

	<p>: <u>Human Rights in Post Human World</u> 2007, Oxford</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Manushi: <u>A Journal about Human and Society.</u> – Duncan Derret: <u>The State, Religion and Law of India</u> (1999), Oxford University Press, New Delhi. – H.M. seevai: <u>Constitutional Law of India</u> (1996), Tripathi. – D.D. Basu: <u>Shorter Constitution of India</u> (1996) Prentice- Hall of India (P) Ltd. New Delhi. – Sunil Deshta and kiran Deshta : <u>Law and Menace of Child Labour</u> (2000) Anmol Publication, Delhi. – Savitri Goonasekhare: <u>Children, Law and Justice</u> (1997) Sage. – Indian Law Institute: <u>Law and Social Change: Indo- American Reflections.</u> Tripathi(1998). – J.B. Kripalani : <u>Gandhi: His Life and Though</u> (1970) Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India, – Agnes, Flavia: <u>Law and Gender inequality: The Politics of Women's Rights in India</u> (1999) Oxford. – P Ishwara Bhat : <u>Law And Social Transformation</u>, Eastern – Amarya Sen : <u>Identity and Violence</u> : The Illusion of Destiny (2005) : <u>Development as Freedom</u> (2000) Oxford – Andre Batille : <u>Antomies of Society</u>, Oxford – A.R. Desai : <u>Rural Sociology in India</u>, Popular : <u>Social Background of Indian Nationalism</u>, Popular – B.A. Masodkar : <u>Society, State and The Law</u>, N.M. Tripathi – Bhikhu Parekh : <u>Rethinking Multiculturalism</u>, Palgrave M'ç Millan : <u>Colonialism, Tradition and Reform: An Analysis of Gandhi's Political Discourse</u>, Sage – Biplab Das Gupta : <u>The Naxalite Movement</u>, Allied Publishers – B.K. Sinha and Pushpendra (Eds.): <u>Land Reforms in India</u>: An Unfinished Agenda Sage. – B.R. Ambedkar: <u>Need for Checks and Balances: Articles on Linguistic State</u> (1947-1953). : <u>Thoughts on Linguistic States</u> (1995) – Catherine Mackinnon: <u>Feminism Unmodified</u>: Discourses on Life and Law, 1987, Harvard. : <u>Towards Feminist Theory of State</u> 1989, Harvard – W. Friedman : <u>Law in a changing Society</u> 1996, University Book House – Veena Das (ed.) : <u>Sociology and Social Anthropology</u>, 2003, Oxford – V.D. Maharajan : <u>Ancient India</u> 1970, Chand – V.R. Verma : <u>The Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi and Sarvodaya</u> – V.R. Krishna Iyer: <u>Law and Life</u>, 1979, Vikas. – Girish Agarwal and Colin Gonsalves: <u>Dalits and the Law</u>, 2005, Human Rights Law Network, New Delhi.
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment

Course Content	<p>1. Judicial System under the Constitution</p> <p>1.1 Supreme Court – Establishment and constitution – Appointment and Removal of Judge – Court of Record – Jurisdiction – Original, Exclusive, Appellate – Special Leave – Advisory Jurisdiction – Interpretation of the Constitution. Supreme Court as a political institution. The Supreme Court’s approach to the question of determination of its own jurisdiction Article-32, Article-136</p> <p>1.2 High Courts – Courts of Record – Constitution of high courts – Appointment, Transfer and Removal – Jurisdiction – power to issue writs and other powers</p> <p>1.3 Subordinate judiciary – Appointment of district judges – control over subordinate courts – other courts</p> <p>1.4 Court system in India: backlogs, arrears, alternatives Lok Adalats, Public Interest Litigations.</p> <p>1.5 Stare decisis – the Doctrine, techniques – Supreme Court’s authority to over – rule its own decision – Advisory Jurisdiction and its Import on Precedent; Prospective Over – ruling in India;</p> <p>2. Nature of Judicial Process</p> <p>2.1 Judicial process as an instrument of social ordering</p> <p>2.2 Judicial process and creativity in law-common law model-Legal Reasoning and Growth of law-change and stability.</p> <p>2.3 The tools and Techniques of judicial creativity and precedent.</p> <p>2.4 Legal development and creativity through legal reasoning under statutory and codified systems.</p> <p>2.5 Statutory interpretation as aspects of judicial process – rules of statutory interpretation; Legalism and Rule of literal interpretation; Creativity: Mischief and Golden Rule; Self Discipline and Rules of Construction in fiscal and Criminal Statutes; Technically: Rules as to necessary and implied repeal; Rules for interpretation of codifying, consolidating and amending statutes; Values and Interpretation.</p> <p>3. Special Dimensions of Judicial Process in Constitutional Adjudications.</p> <p>3.1 Notions of and nature and objection to judicial review – Articles-32, 222, 227 – Constitutional basis for judicial review</p> <p>3.2 Constitutional interpretation – ways in which it differs from statutory interpretation – Literal Construction, Harmonious Construction, Reference to Constituent</p>

	<p>Assembly Debates; Doctrine of Pith and Substance; Occupied Field; Residuary Power; Approaches to interpretation of repugnancy; Approaches to Interpretation of Amending Power; Directive Principles as canons of constitutional interpretation.</p> <p>3.3 'Role' in constitutional adjudication-various theories of judicial role.</p> <p>3.4 Tools and techniques in policy-making and creativity in constitutional adjudication.</p> <p>3.5 varieties of judicial and juristic activism, judicial and juristic restraint</p> <p>3.6 Problems of accountability and judicial law-making.</p> <p>4. Judicial Process in India</p> <p>4.1 Indian debate on the role of judges and on the notion of judicial review.</p> <p>4.2 The 'Independence' of judiciary and the 'political' nature of judicial process.</p> <p>4.3 Judicial activism and creativity of the Supreme Court-the tools and techniques of creativity.</p> <p>4.4 Judicial process in pursuit of constitutional goals and values – new dimensions of judicial activism and structural challenges.</p> <p>4.5 Institutional liability of courts and judicial activism-scope and limits.</p> <p>5. The Concepts of Justice</p> <p>5.1 The concept of justice or Dharma in Indian thought</p> <p>5.2 Dharma as the foundation of legal ordering in Indian thought.</p> <p>5.3 The Concept and various theories of justice in the western thought.</p> <p>5.4 Various theoretical bases of justice: the liberal contractual tradition, the liberal utilitarian tradition and the liberal moral tradition.</p> <p>6. Relation between Law and Justice</p> <p>6.1 equivalence Theories – Justice as nothing more than the positive law of the stronger class</p> <p>6.2 Dependency theories – For its realization justice depends on law, but justice is not the same as law.</p> <p>6.3 The Independence of justice theories – means to end-relationship of law and justice – The relationship in the context of the Indian constitutional ordering.</p> <p>6.4 Analysis of selected cases of the Supreme Court where the judicial process can be seen as influenced by theories of justice.</p>
Reference books	– Julius Stone : <u>The Province and Function of Law</u> , Part II, Chs. 1.8-16(2000), Universal, New Delhi

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">– : <u>Social Dimension of Law and Justice</u>, Universal.– Cardozo : <u>The nature of Judicial Process</u> (1995) Universal, New Delhi– : <u>The Growth of Law</u>, Universal– Henry J. Abraham: <u>The Judicial Process</u> (1996), Oxford.– J.Stone : <u>Precedent and the Law: Dynamics of Common Law Growth</u> (1985) Butterworths.– W. Friedmann : <u>Legal Theory</u> (1960), Stevens, London.– Bodenheimer : <u>Jurisprudence – the Philosophy and Method of the Law</u> (1997), Universal, Delhi.– J.Stone : <u>Legal Systems and Lawyers’ Reasoning</u> (1999), Universal, Delhi– Rajeev Dhavan : <u>The Supreme Court of India – A Socio-legal Critique of the Juristic Techniques</u> (1977), Tripathi, Bombay.– John Rawl : <u>A Theory of Justice</u> (2000), Universal, Delhi.– Edward H. Levi : <u>An Introduction to Legal Reasoning</u> (1970), University of Chicago.– G.P. Singh : <u>Select Judgments</u> (2012) Lexis Nexis, Butterworths Wadhwa– S.K. Verma and Kusum : <u>Fifth Years of The Supreme Court of India – Its Grasp and Reach</u> (2009) Oxford.– Rajeev Bhargava, Michael Dusehe and Helmut Reifeld : <u>Justice, Political, Social, Juridical</u> 2008, Sage.– S.P. Sathe : <u>Judicial Activism in India</u>, Oxford– : <u>Constitutional Amendments 1950-1988 Law and Politics</u>, Tripathi– S.P. Sathe and Sathya Narayan : <u>Liberty, Equality and Justice; Struggles for New Social order</u>, 2003.– U. Baxi : ‘Introduction to Justice’ in K.K. Mathew’s : <u>Democracy Equality and Freedom</u> (1978)– : <u>The Indian Supreme Court and Politics</u> (1980)– : <u>Courage, Craft and Contension : The Indian Supreme Court in the mid-eighties</u> (1985)												
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.												
Evaluation Method	<table><tr><td colspan="2">Internal Assessment</td></tr><tr><td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td><td>15 Marks</td></tr><tr><td>Attendance</td><td>05 Marks</td></tr><tr><td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td><td>10 Marks</td></tr><tr><td>External University exams</td><td>70 marks</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td>100 marks</td></tr></table>	Internal Assessment		Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks	External University exams	70 marks	Total	100 marks
Internal Assessment													
Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks												
Attendance	05 Marks												
Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks												
External University exams	70 marks												
Total	100 marks												

Course Code	1905090103030002
Course Title	Law of Insurance – I
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of insurance law in the context of the development of the general principles of law and judicial interpretation to inform the students about the use of law for the establishment of "just" order in insurance and to develop the appreciative and evaluative faculties of the students.
Course objective	<p>As early as in 1601 one finds an excellent exposition of the insurance idea expressed in these words of an Act of British Parliament "the loss lighteth rather easily, upon many than heavily upon few". The insured person transfers from his own shoulders to the insurers, who, in return for agreeing to assume a potential risk of loss receive a payment known as premium. The insurers rely on the probability that only some of the losses, they insure against will in fact occur within any given period. They calculate, therefore, that they will be left with a profit. The insurer, on the other hand, is better able to risk his capital in trade since he knows that certain events which he cannot control, such as fire, shipwreck, will not cause him to lose his investment. The insurance idea is an old-institution of transactional trade. The age old form of insurance was the marine insurance. There is nothing like disaster to set men's minds to work. Consequently, in due course of time fire and life insurance, made their appearance. Within the last hundred years the insurance principle is being extended wider. Today one finds insurance cover for accidents, motor vehicles, glass, livestock, crop, burglary and various other disasters. Insurance is a device not to avert risks, calamities and disasters; but to mitigate their rigours and financial losses. The function of insurance is to spread such loss arising from risks of life over a large number of persons. The operational framework of insurance idea is provided by the general principles of contract. The insurance policy, being a contract, is subject to all the judicial interpretative techniques. Besides, the insurance idea has a compensatory justice component. This brings it in the arena of the law of tort as well. It is even suggested that a fully grown and developed law of insurance may, if not totally displace, decrease the significance of the law of tort. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of insurance law in the context of the development of the general principles of law and judicial interpretation to inform the students about the use of law for the establishment of "just" order in insurance and to develop the</p>

	appreciative and evaluative faculties of the students.																																								
Course Outcome	<p>CO1. Comprehending and remembering the evolution of concept of Insurance.</p> <p>CO2. Understanding and developing ability to apply the basic principles and rules in the field of Insurance Sector.</p> <p>CO3. Understanding about accident insurances, property insurances, Insurance against third party risks with miscellaneous Insurance Schemes.</p> <p>CO4. Applying and understanding the Concept of Deficiency in Insurance Services.</p>																																								
Mapping between CO's with PSOs	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>CO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	CO1								CO2								CO3								CO4							
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CO1																																									
CO2																																									
CO3																																									
CO4																																									
Course Content	<p>1. Introduction</p> <p>1.1 Nature of insurance contract, various kinds of insurance, proposal, policy, parties consideration, need for utmost good faith, insurable interest, indemnity.</p> <p>1.2 Insurance policy, law of contract and law of torts-future of insurance : need, importance and place of insurance</p> <p>1.3 Constitutional perspectives - the Entries 24, 25, 29, 30, 47 of List 1 Union List; 23, 24, of List III.</p> <p>2. General Principles of Law of Insurance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Definition, nature and history- The risk - commencement, attachment and duration- Assignment and alteration- Settlement of claim and subrogation- Effect of war upon policies- Surrender , cancellation laps of policy , and renewal- Nationalization , and disinvestment <p>3. Insurance Against Accidents</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- The Fatal Accidents Act, 1855- Objects and reasons- Assessment of compensation- Contributory negligence apportionment of compensation and liability the personal Injuries (Compensation insurance) Act, 1963 Compensation payable under the Act- Compensation insurance scheme under the Act- Compulsory insurance. <p>4. Property Insurance</p> <p>4.1 The Emergency Risks (Factories) Insurance</p>																																								

	<p>4.2 The Emergency Risks (Goods) Insurance</p> <p>4.3 Policies covering risk of explosion</p> <p>4.4 Policies covering accidental loss, damage to property</p> <p>4.5 Policies covering risk of storm and tempest</p> <p>4.6Glass-plate policies</p> <p>4.7 Burglary and theft policies</p> <p>4.8 Livestock policies</p> <p>4.9 Goods in transit insurance</p> <p>4.10 Agricultural insurance</p> <p>5. Insurance Against Third Party Risks</p> <p>The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988</p> <p>Nature and scope</p> <p>Effect of insolvency of death on claims of insolvency and death of parties, certificate of insurance</p> <p>Claims tribunal; constitution, functions, application for compensation, procedure, powers and award</p> <p>Liability Insurance</p> <p>Nature and kinds of such insurance</p> <p>Public liability insurance Professional negligence insurance</p> <p>6. Miscellaneous Insurance Schemes : New Dimensions</p> <p>6.1 Group life insurance Salary Savings ,</p> <p>6.2 Mediclaim, sickness insurance</p> <p>6.3 Anti Money Laundering , Guide Line for Investors</p>									
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- John Hanson and Christopals Henly, All Risks Property Insurance (1999), LLP Asia, Hongkong. Peter Mac Donald Eggers and Patric Foss, Good Faith and Insurance Contracts (1998)- LLP Asia, Hongkong Banerjee, Law of Insurance (1994),- Asia Law House, Hyderabad. Mitra B.C, Law Relating to Marine Insurance (1997)- Asia Law House, Hyderabad JCB Gilmar and Mustill, Arnold on the Law of Marine Insurance, (1981),- Sweet & Maxwell Birds, Modern Insurance Law (1997)- Sweet & Maxwell Colinvaux's Law of Insurance (1997),- Sweet & Maxwell O'Mary on Marine Insurance (1993),- Sweet & Maxwell. International Labour Office, Administration Practice of social Insurance (1985)- E.R. Hardy Ivamy, General Principles of insurance Law (1979)- Edwin W. Patterson, Cases and Materials on Law of insurance (1955)- M. N. Sreenivasan Law and the Life Insurance Contract (1914)									
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.									
Evaluation Method	<table><tr><td colspan="2">Internal Assessment</td></tr><tr><td>Internal Written Test (Compulsory)</td><td>15 Marks</td></tr><tr><td>Attendance</td><td>05 Marks</td></tr><tr><td>Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course</td><td>10 Marks</td></tr></table>		Internal Assessment		Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks	Attendance	05 Marks	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks
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Attendance	05 Marks									
Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks									

	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Course – 1905090103040002– Law of Insurance – II

Course Code	1905090103040002
Course Title	Law of Insurance – II
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of insurance law in the context of the development of the general principles of law and judicial interpretation to inform the students about the use of law for the establishment of "just" order in insurance and to develop the appreciative and evaluative faculties of the students.
Course Objective	As early as in 1601 one finds an excellent exposition of the insurance idea expressed in these words of an Act of British Parliament "the loss lighteth rather easily, upon many than heavily upon few". The insured person transfers from his own shoulders to the insurers, who, in return for agreeing to assume a potential risk of loss receive a payment known as premium. The insurers rely on the probability that only some of the losses, they insure against will in fact occur within any given period. They calculate, therefore, that they will be left with a profit. The insurer, on the other hand, is better able to risk his capital in trade since he knows that certain events which he cannot control, such as fire, shipwreck, will not cause him to lose his investment. The insurance idea is an old-institution of transactional trade. The age old form of insurance was the marine insurance. There is nothing like disaster to set men's minds to work. Consequently, in due course of time fire and life insurance, made their appearance. Within the last hundred years the insurance principle is being extended wider. Today one finds insurance cover for accidents, motor vehicles, glass, livestock, crop, burglary and various other disasters. Insurance is a device not to avert risks, calamities and disasters; but to mitigate their rigours and financial losses. The function of insurance is to spread such loss arising from risks of life over a large number of persons. The operational framework of insurance idea is provided by the general principles of contract. The insurance policy, being a contract, is subject to all the judicial interpretative techniques. Besides, the insurance idea has a compensatory justice component. This brings it in the arena of the law of tort as well. It is even suggested that a fully grown and developed law of insurance may, if

	not totally displace, decrease the significance of the law of tort. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of insurance law in the context of the development of the general principles of law and judicial interpretation to inform the students about the use of law for the establishment of "just" order in insurance and to develop the appreciative and evaluative faculties of the students.																																								
Course Outcome	CO1. Comprehending and remembering the evolution of concept of Insurance in India. CO2. Understanding and basic concepts with principles and applicability of Life Insurance. CO3. Understanding and basic concepts with principles and applicability of Marine Insurance. CO4. Understanding and basic concepts with principles and applicability of Fire Insurance.																																								
Mapping between CO’s with PSOs	<table><tr><td></td><td>PSO1</td><td>PSO2</td><td>PSO3</td><td>PSO4</td><td>PSO5</td><td>PSO6</td><td>PSO7</td></tr><tr><td>CO1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>CO4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	CO1								CO2								CO3								CO4							
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CO1																																									
CO2																																									
CO3																																									
CO4																																									
Course Content	1. Indian Insurance Law : General 1.1 History and development 1.2 The Insurance At 1938 and the Insurance Regulatory Authority Act, 2000 1.3 Mutual insurance companies and cooperative life insurance societies 1.4 Double Insurance and re-insurance 1.5 Consumer Protection Act 1986 1.6 General insurance Business (Nationalization) Act 2002 2. Life Insurance Life insurance Act 1956 Nature and scope Event insured against life insurance contract Circumstances affecting the risk Amounts recoverable under life policy Persons entitled to payment Settlement of claim and payment of money 3. Marine Insurance 3.1 Nature and Scope 3.2 Classification of marine policies 3.2.1 The Marine Insurance Act, 1963 3.2.2 Marine Insurance																																								

	<p>3.2.3 Insurable interest, insurable value</p> <p>3.2.4 Marine insurance policy - condition - express warranties construction of terms of policy</p> <p>3.2.5 Voyage - deviation</p> <p>3.2.6 Perils of the sea</p> <p>3.2.7 Assignment of policy</p> <p>3.2.8 Partial laws of ship and of freight, salvage, general average, particular charges</p> <p>3.2.9 Return of premium</p> <p>4. Fire insurance</p>												
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Manual of Insurance law 14th ed. (2011) edited By Ravi Puliani , Bharat Law House Pvt . Ltd , New Delhi - J. V. N Jaiswal , Law of Insurance , Eastern Book Company , lucknow John Hanson and Christopals Henly, All Risks Property Insurance (1999), LLP Asia, Hongkong. - Peter Mac Donald Eggers and Partic Foss, Good Faith and Insurance Contracts (1998) LLP Asia Hongkong. - Banerjee, Law of Insurance (1994), Asia Law House, Hyderabad. Mitra B.C., Law Relating To Marine Insurance (1997) Asia Law House, Hyderabad - JCB Gilmar and Mustill, Arnold on the Law of Marine Insurance, (1981), - Sweet & Maxwell Birds, Modern Insurance Law (1997), - Sweet & Maxwell Colinvaux's Law of Insurance (1997), - Sweet & Maxwell O'Mary on Marine Insurance (1993), - Sweet & Maxwell International Labour Office, Administration Practice of social Insurance (1985) - E.R. Hardy Ivamy, General Principles of Insurance law (1979) - Edwin W. Patterson, Cases and Materials on Law of Insurance (1995) - M.N. Sreenivasan Law and the Life Insurance Contract (1914) 												
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.												
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Internal Assessment													
Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks												
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External University exams	70 marks												
Total	100 marks												

Course – 1905090103050002 – Banking Law – I

Course Code	1905090103050002
Course Title	Banking Law – I

Credit	4							
Teaching per week	4							
Minimum weeks per semester	15							
Effective from	2011-2012							
Purpose of course	This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of banking law, the judicial interpretation and the new and emerging dimensions of the banking system.							
Course objective	A vitally important economic institution the banking system is deeply influenced by sociopolitical and economic changes. The emerging changes in India, particularly after the initiation of the planning process as an instrument of rapid economic development has moulded and affected the banking structure, policies, patterns and practices. A significant development in the banking system is diversification in banks financing. The commercial banks entered 'into the field of wide ranging financial assistance to industry, both large and small scale, requiring the need for social control of the banking system eventually leading to the nationalization of banks. The conventional banking system, found to be deficient for planned developmental purposes, paved the way of developmental banking. The fag end of the last millennium witnesses influx of foreign banking companies into India and a shift in the banking policy as part of the global phenomenon of liberalization. The legal system is adopting itself into the new mores. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of banking law, the judicial interpretation and the new and emerging dimensions of the banking system							
Course Outcome	CO1. Students shall acquaint with the conceptual and operational parameters of banking system, nature and development. CO2. Students will learn history of banking, relationship of banker and customer, lending by banks. CO3. Students shall learn new and emerging dimensions with reformations of the banking system.							
Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
Course Content	1. Introduction 1.1 Banking system - Nature and development 1.2 History of banking in India and elsewhere-indigenous banking-evolution of banking in India-different kinds of banks and their functions. 1.3 Multi-functional banks - growth and legal issues Private Banks, National Banks and Foreign Banks							

	<p>Cooperative Banks (NABARD) Commercial Banks</p> <p>1.4 Banking Organisations</p> <p>1.5 Legal Aspects of banking operations</p> <p>2. Social Control over Banking</p> <p>2.1 Nationalization</p> <p>2.2 Evaluation : Private ownership, nationalization and disinvestment</p> <p>2.3 Protection of depositors</p> <p>2.4 Priority lending</p> <p>2.5 Promotion of under privileged classes</p> <p>3. Relationship of banker and Customer</p> <p>Legal character</p> <p>Contract between banker and customer</p> <p>Banker's lien</p> <p>Protection of bankers</p> <p>Customers</p> <p>Nature and type of accounts</p> <p>Special classes of customers - lunatics; minor, partnership, corporation, local authorities</p> <p>Banking duty to customers</p> <p>Consumer protection : Banking as service</p> <p>4. Lending by Banks</p> <p>Good lending principles</p> <p>Lending to poor masses</p> <p>Securities for advance</p> <p>Kinds and their merits and demerits</p> <p>Repayment of loans : rate of interest, protection against penalty</p> <p>Default and recovery</p> <p>Debt recovery tribunal</p> <p>RBI Monetary and Credit Reserve Policy 2010-11</p> <p>Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) and Statutory Liquidity Ratio [SLR]</p> <p>Recent Trends of Banking System in India</p> <p>5.1 New technology</p> <p>5.2 Information technology</p> <p>5.3 Automation and legal aspects</p> <p>5.4 Automatic teller machine and use of internet</p> <p>5.5 Smart card</p> <p>5.6 Use of expert system</p> <p>5.7 Credit cards</p> <p>5.8 Global Banking Institutions</p> <p>6. Reforms in Indian Banking Law</p> <p>6.1 Recommendations of committees : a review of chore committees – Tandan Committee , Narashiham Committee , High Power Committee</p> <p>6.2 The Banking ombudsman Schemes</p> <p>Nationalization Banking Scheme 1970 & 1980</p>
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - M.L. Tannan, Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India (2010) Lexis Nexis Butterworth ,by Wadehava New Delhi,2 volumes - Modern Banker's Manual (2011) Modern law Pub, New Delhi - Banking Laws and Practice, Modern law Press, New Delhi By R. K.

	<p>Gupta</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Banking and Financial Institutional laws, (2010) Universal , New Delhi - Basu, A. Review of Current Banking Theory and Practise (1998) Mac millan - M.Hapgood (ed.), Pagets' Law of Banking (1989) Butterworths, London - R.Goode, Commercial Law, (1995) Penguin, London. - Ross Cranston, Principles of Banking Law (1997) Oxford. - L.C.Goyle, The Law of Bankig and Bankers (1995) Eastern - K.C.Shekhar, Banking Theory and Practice (1998) UBS Publisher Distributors Ltd. New Delhi. - M.Dassesse, S.Isaacs and G.Pen, E.C. Banking Law, (1994) Lloyds of London Press, London. - V.Conti and Hamaui (eds.), Financial Markets' Liberalization and the Role of Banks', Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, (1993) - J.Dermine (ed.) European Banking in the 1990s' (1993) Blackwell, Oxford. - C.Goodhart, The Central Bank and the Financial System (1995) : Macmillan, London - S.Chapman, The Rise of Merchang Banking (1984) Allen Unwin, London - K.Subrahmanyam, Banking Reforms ain India (1997) Tata Maigraw Hill, New Delhi. - Suboth Markandeya and Chitra Markandeye, Law Relating to Foreign Trade in India: Being a Commentary on the Foreign Trade, (Development and Regulation) Act 1992, Universal Law Publishing Co., Pvt. Ltd. Delhi. - R.S.Narayana, The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (51 of 1993), Aisa Law House, Hyderabad. - M.A.Mir, The Law Relating to Bank Guarantee in India (1992), Metropolitan Book, New Delhi. - Anthony Pierce, Demand Guarantees in International Trade (1993) Sweet & Maxwell. - Ross Cranston (ed.) European Banking Law: The Banker-Customer Relationship (1999) LLP, London. - Mitra, The Law Relating to Banker's Letters of Credit and Allied Laws, (1998) University Book Agency, Allahabad. - R.K.Talwar, Report of Working Group of Customer Services in Banks - Janakiraman Committee Report on Securities Operation of Banks and Financial Institution (1993) - Narashimham Committee report of the Financial System (1991) Second Report (1999) 	
Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.	
Evaluation Method	Internal Assessment	
	Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks
	Attendance	05 Marks

	Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks
	External University exams	70 marks
	Total	100 marks

Course – 1905090103060002 – Banking Law – II

Course Code	1905090103060002
Course Title	Banking Law – II
Credit	4
Teaching per week	4
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of banking law, the judicial interpretation and the new and emerging dimensions of the banking system.
Course objective	A vitally important economic institution the banking system is deeply influenced by sociopolitical and economic changes. The emerging changes in India, particularly after the initiation of the planning process as an instrument of rapid economic development has moulded and affected the banking structure, policies, patterns and practices. A significant development in the banking system is diversification in banks financing. The commercial banks entered 'into the field of wide ranging financial assistance to industry, both large and small scale, requiring the need for social control of the banking system eventually leading to the nationalization of banks. The conventional banking system, found to be deficient for planned developmental purposes, paved the way of developmental banking. The fag end of the last millennium witnesses influx of foreign banking companies into India and a shift in the banking policy as part of the global phenomenon of liberalization. The legal system is adopting itself into the new mores. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of banking law, the judicial interpretation and the new and emerging dimensions of the banking system
Course Outcome	CO1. Students shall learning about the laws relating to banking companies in India. CO2. Students will be well equipped with the knowledge of deposit insurance, central bank, banking operations with negotiable instruments. CO3. Students shall learn about various banking legislations in India.

Mapping between CO's with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
Course Content	<p>1. Law Relating to Banking Companies in India</p> <p>1.1 Controls by government and its agencies</p> <p>1.1.1 on management</p> <p>1.1.2 on accounts and audit</p> <p>1.1.3 Lending</p> <p>1.1.4 Credit policy</p> <p>1.1.5 Reconstruction and reorganization</p> <p>1.1.6 Suspension and winding up</p> <p>1.2 Contract between banker and customer : their rights and duties</p> <p>2. Deposit Insurance</p> <p>The Deposit Insurance Corporation Act 1961: objects and reasons</p> <p>Establishment of Capital of DIC</p> <p>Registration of banking companies insured banks, liability of DIC to depositor</p> <p>Relations between insured banks, DIC and Reserve Bank of India</p> <p>3. The Central Bank</p> <p>3.1 Evolution of Central Bank</p> <p>3.2 Characteristics and functions</p> <p>3.3 Economic and social objectives</p> <p>3.4 The Central Bank and the State - as bankers' bank</p> <p>3.5 The Reserve Bank of India as the Central Bank Organisational structure</p> <p>3.6 Functions of the RBI</p> <p>3.6.1 Regulation of monetary mechanism of the economy</p> <p>3.6.1.1 Credit control</p> <p>3.6.1.2 Exchange control</p> <p>3.6.1.3 Monopoly of currency issue</p> <p>3.6.1.4 Bank rate policy formulation</p> <p>3.7 Control of RBI over non-banking companies</p> <p>3.7.1 Financial companies</p> <p>3.7.2 Non-financial companies</p> <p>4. Banking operation and Negotiable Instruments</p> <p>4.1 Meaning and kinds</p> <p>4.2 Transfer and negotiations</p> <p>4.3 Holder and holder in due course</p> <p>4.4 Presentment and payment</p> <p>4.5 Liabilities of parties</p> <p>5. Banking Laws (Legislations)</p> <p>5.1 Banking Regulations Act 1949</p> <p>5.2 IDBI Act 1964 & 2003</p> <p>5.3 NABARD ACT 1951 Gen Regulations</p> <p>5.4 National Housing Banking Act 1957</p>							

	5.5 Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 5.6 Small Industrial Development of India Act 1989 5.7 State Bank of India Act 1955 5.8 Cooperative Banks and Banking Regulation Act 1946 5.9 Banker Book Of Accounts Act 1891
Reference books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - M.L. Tannan, Tannan's Banking Law and Practice in India (2010) Lexis Nexis Butterworth ,by Wadehava New Delhi,2 volumes - Modern Banker's Manual (2011) Modern law Pub, New Delhi - Banking Laws and Practice, Modern law Press, New Delhi By R. K. Gupta - Banking and Financial Institutional laws, (2010) Universal , New Delhi - Basu, A. Review of Current Banking Theory and Practise (1998) Mac millan - M.Hapgood (ed.), Pagets' Law of Banking (1989) Butterworths, London - R.Goode, Commercial Law, (1995) Penguin, London. - Ross Cranston, Principles of Banking Law (1997) Oxford. - L.C.Goyle, The Law of Bankig and Bankers (1995) Eastern - K.C.Shekhar, Banking Theory and Practice (1998) UBS Publisher Distributors Ltd. New Delhi. - M.Dassesse, S.Isaacs and G.Pen, E.C. Banking Law, (1994) Lloyds of London Press, London. - V.Conti and Hamaui (eds.), Financial Markets' Liberalization and the Role of Banks', Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, (1993) - J.Dermine (ed.) European Banking in the 1990s' (1993) Blackwell, Oxford. - C.Goodhart, The Central Bank and the Financial System (1995) : Macmillan, London - S.Chapman, The Rise of Merchang Banking (1984) Allen Unwin, London - K.Subrahmanyam, Banking Reforms ain India (1997) Tata Maigraw Hill, New Delhi. - Suboth Markandeya and Chitra Markandeye, Law Relating to Foreign Trade in India: Being a Commentary on the Foreign Trade, (Development and Regulation) Act 1992, Universal Law Publishing Co., Pvt. Ltd. Delhi. - R.S.Narayana, The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (51 of 1993), Aisa Law House, Hyderabad. - M.A.Mir, The Law Relating to Bank Guarantee in India (1992), Metropolitan Book, New Delhi. - Anthony Pierce, Demand Guarantees in International Trade (1993) Sweet & Maxwell. - Ross Cranston (ed.) European Banking Law: The Banker-Customer Relationship (1999) LLP, London. - Mitra, The Law Relating to Banker's Letters of Credit and Allied Laws, (1998) University Book Agency, Allahabad. - R.K.Talwar, Report of Working Group of Customer Services in

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Teaching Methodology	Lecture method, discussion method, PPT presentation method.												
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Internal Assessment													
Internal Written Test (Compulsory)	15 Marks												
Attendance	05 Marks												
Assignment / Tutorial / Group Discussion / Project Work / Field Work / Presentation / Seminar / Library exercise / Clinical Training / Moot training / any other Exercise appropriate for the Concerned Course	10 Marks												
External University exams	70 marks												
Total	100 marks												

Semester 4								
Course Code	Title	Teaching per week		Course Credit	University Examination		Internal Marks	Total Marks
		Theory	Practical		Duration	Marks		
2005090104010001	Practical/Project Work			16	-	-	-	100
2005090104020001	Dissertation and Submission of Thesis			8	-	-	-	200

Course: 2005090104010001: Practical/Project Work

Course Code	2005090104010001
Course Title	Practical/Project Work
Credit	16
Teaching per week	
Minimum weeks per semester	15
Effective from	2011-2012
Purpose of course	The purpose of this paper is to get practical knowledge of field as well as learn the various aspects of research and research methodology through practical application.
Course objective	To get practical knowledge of field as well as learn the various aspects of research and research methodology through practical application.

Course Outcome	CO1: Critically read, understand and evaluate current literature in the discipline CO2: Integrate and synthesize ideas within the field CO3: Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of the literature in the field CO4: Critically evaluate empirical evidence CO5: Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of techniques critical to scholarship in the field CO6: Communicate clearly and effectively to specialist and non-specialist research.																																																															
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Course: 2005090104020001: Dissertation and Submission of Thesis

Course Code:	2005090104020001
Course Title	Dissertation and Submission of Thesis
Credit	8
Teaching per week	-
Minimum Weeks per Semester	15

Effective From	2011-2012																																																								
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